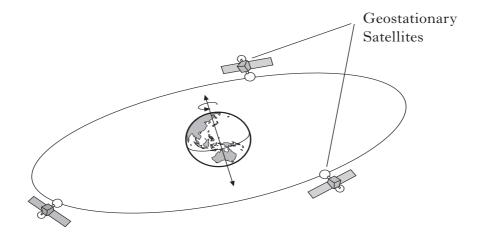


## National 4 Physics

# **KU Revision Questions for Dynamics & Space Unit Assessment**

#### 21. (continued)

(c) Television signals from the Rugby World Cup in New Zealand are sent via geostationary satellites to Scotland.



(i) What is meant by a geostationary satellite?



(ii) When live interviews take place, there is a delay between the interviewer in Scotland asking a question and the person hearing the question.

Explain why there is a delay.



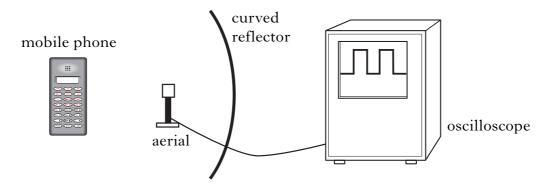
2

1

[Turn over

21. (continued) Marks

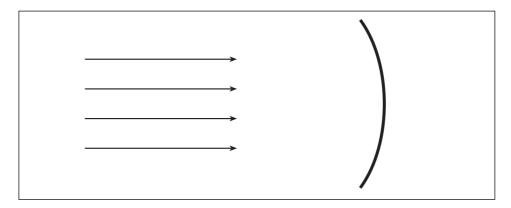
(d) In an experiment to investigate mobile phone signals, a student sets up the following equipment. The mobile phone transmits signals as pulses.



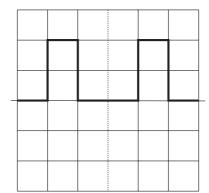
(i) Why is there a curved reflector behind the aerial?



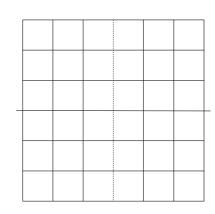
(ii) Complete the diagram below to show how the curved reflector affects the signals. On your diagram, mark where the aerial should be positioned to get the strongest signal.



(iii) On the blank oscilloscope grid below, draw the signal that you would expect to see if the curved reflector was removed.



Signal received when a curved reflector is used.



Signal received with curved reflector removed.

2

1

1

**27.** A vehicle called Thrust SSC broke the land speed record in 1997 in the Nevada Desert, USA.



(a) The mass of Thrust SSC is 10 500 kg. Calculate the weight of Thrust SSC.

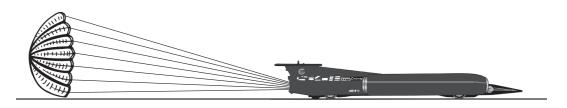


(b) The diagram below shows Thrust SSC travelling at a constant speed.

Label the horizontal forces acting on the vehicle.



(c) At the end of the run, Thrust SSC uses a parachute as shown.



(i) What effect does the parachute have on the motion of the vehicle?



(ii) Explain your answer.



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS

27. (continued)  (d) On one run Thrust SSC travelled 1710 metres in 5·0 seconds.  Calculate the average speed of Thrust SSC during this run.			ne run Thrust SSC travelled 1710 metres in 5·0 seconds.  Ilate the average speed of Thrust SSC during this run.			
Calculate the average speed of Thrust SSC during this run.	27.	(co	ntinued)	Marks		
Calculate the average speed of Thrust SSC during this run.		(d)	On one run Thrust SSC travelled 1710 metres in 5:0 seconds.			
		()				
			Calculate the average speed of Thrust 55C during this fun.			
			(d) On one run Thrust SSC travelled 1710 metres in 5·0 seconds.  Calculate the average speed of Thrust SSC during this run.			
				Thrust SSC travelled 1710 metres in 5·0 seconds.  The average speed of Thrust SSC during this run.		
				conds. run.		
[Turn over				] 2		
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			-	Marks		
				MARGIN Marks  nds.  1.  2		
					Tarks	
				seconds. is run.		

Marks

#### SECTION B

Answer questions 21–31 in the spaces provided.

(a)	Cor	mplete the so	entences below	using some of these	words.	
	low 200	er million	higher stronger	340 geostationary	300 million weaker	
V signa	ıls hav	ve a		frequency than	radio signals.	
√ signa	ıls tra	vel at a spee	d of	me	etres per second.	
satellit	e dish	is curved to	o make the rece	eived signal		
satellite	e that	stays above	the same poin	t on the Earth's surfa	ace is called a	2
(b)		mplete the d signals rece	-	v the effect the satelli	te dish has on the	2
(c)	(i)			e larger, does the rece tay the same?	ived signal strength	
(c)	(i)				eived signal strength	1
(c)	(i) (ii)		decrease or s		eived signal strength	1
(c)		increase,	decrease or s		eived signal strength	1

**30**. An unmanned spacecraft is on a mission to Mars.

The engines of the spacecraft are turned off once it has travelled far into space.



(a) The spacecraft now travels at a constant speed.Explain why this happens.

l .		

The table below gives some information on the planets.

Planet	Gravitational pull in newtons per kilogram
Earth	10
Mars	4
Jupiter	26
Saturn	11

- (b) The spacecraft has a mass of  $900 \,\mathrm{kg}$ .
  - (i) What is the weight of the spacecraft on Earth?

(ii) Complete the following sentence by **circling** the correct word or phrase.

The mass of the spacecraft on Mars is

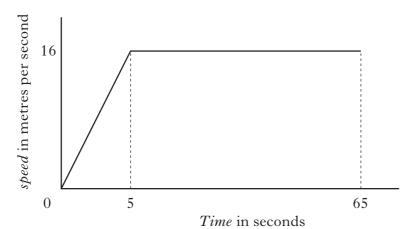
the same as its mass on Earth. zero.

different from its mass on Earth.

1

**32**. The graph below shows the speed of a cyclist during a 1000 metre sprint race.

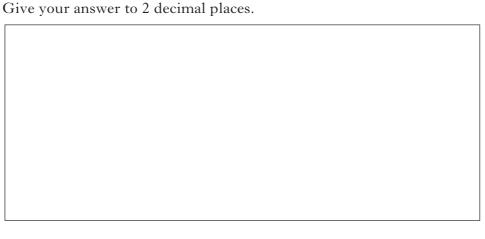




(a) State the maximum speed of the cyclist during the race.

1

(b) Calculate the average speed of the cyclist during the race.

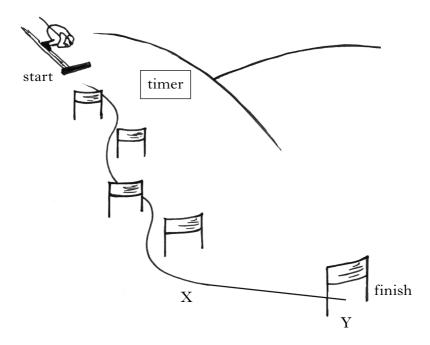


				7.6	TH	
29.	(a)		ungee jumper wants to calculate his average speed during a jump. the first descent he falls 63 metres in $4.5$ seconds.	Marks		
		(i)	What device can be used to measure the time of the descent?			
				1		
		(ii)	Calculate his average speed during the descent.			
				2		
	(b)		ring a second descent the bungee jumper wears baggy clothing and eads his arms out as he falls.			
		He	falls 63 metres in 5 seconds.			
		(i)	Why was the time greater for the second descent?			
		(ii)	The bungee jumper has a mass of 65 kg. Calculate his weight.	1		

1

1

**28.** At the end of a week of skiing lessons, students are given a chance to try a short downhill course.



- (a) The students want to calculate the average speed of a skier down the course. An electronic timer is used to measure the time between the start and finish lines.
  - (i) What electronic device could be used to stop the timer at the finish line?

(ii) What other measurement is needed to calculate the average speed?

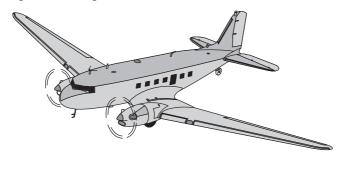


(iii) How would these measurements be used to calculate the average speed?



28.	(cor	ntinu	ied)	Marks	
	(b)	(i)	The mass of the skier is 60 kilograms.  Calculate the weight of the skier.		
		(ii)	Between points X and Y the forces on the skier are balanced. What happens to the speed of the skier between points X and Y?	2	
				1	
			[Turn over		

28. A skydiver jumps out of a plane.





(a) The skydiver and her parachute have a total mass of 75 kilograms. Calculate the total weight of the skydiver and parachute.

2

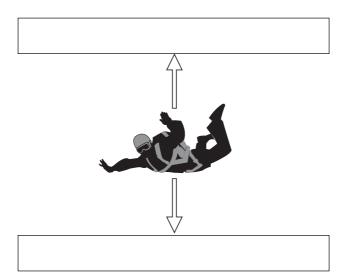
(b) When she first leaves the plane, the skydiver accelerates towards the earth.

What does the term accelerate mean?



1

- (c) The diagram below shows the skydiver and the forces acting on her.
  - (i) Name the **two** vertical forces acting on the skydiver.



28.	(c)	(continued)	Marks	
		(ii) Some time later these two forces become balanced.  When the forces are balanced, does her speed increase, stay the same or decrease?	1	
	(d)	The skydiver then opens her parachute.	1	
		(i) What happens to her speed at this moment?  (ii) What happens to the upward force acting on her?	1	
			1	

[Turn over

1

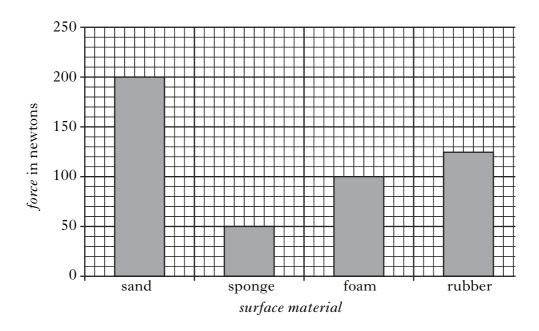
**28.** A pole vaulter wants to find out which material is best for making a landing surface. Four materials are tested in a lab.

A dummy body is dropped onto each surface in turn.

The maximum force exerted on the dummy by each surface is measured.

The dummy is dropped from the same height each time.

The graph shows the maximum force exerted by the different surfaces.

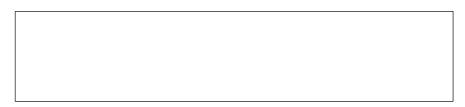


(a) (i) Which material should be used for the landing sur	for t	e used	l should	material	Which	(i)	$(\iota$
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(ii) Explain your answer.



(iii) Why is the height kept the same each time?

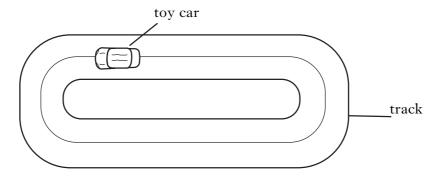


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MARGIN

28.	(coı	ntinu	ed)	Warrs	
	( <i>b</i> )	The	e experiment is repeated with a dummy of smaller mass.		
		(i)	Will the maximum force exerted on the dummy <b>increase</b> , <b>decrease</b> or <b>stay the same</b> ?		
				1	
		(ii)	Explain your answer.		
				1	
			[Turn over		

Marks

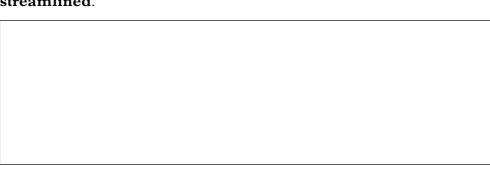
**30.** A toy car is timed going round a track. The car takes 8 seconds to cover 4 laps of the track. One lap of the track is a distance of 3 metres.



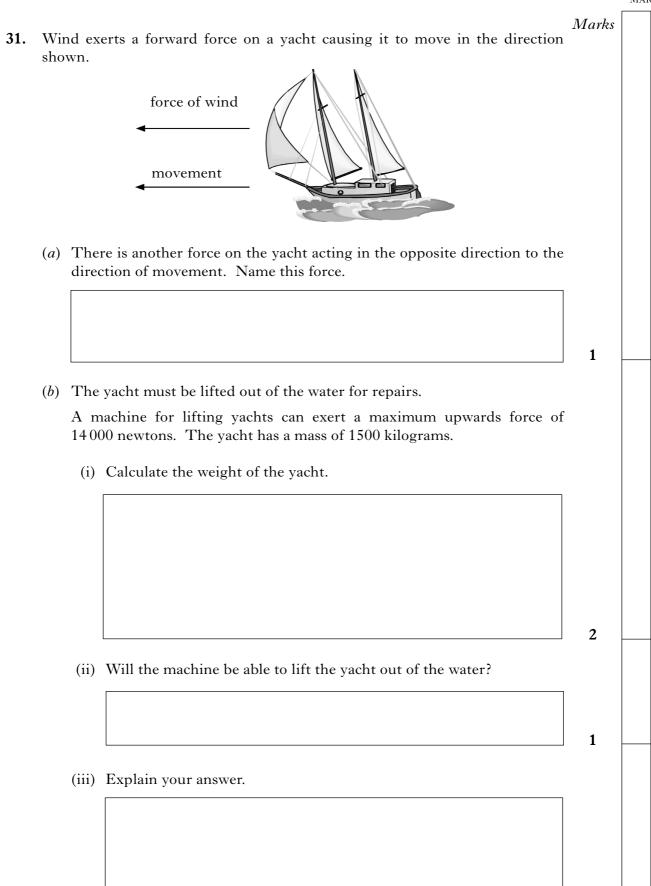
(a) Calculate the average speed of the car on the track.



(b) The original car is replaced by a more streamlined one. Explain the term **streamlined**.



1



28. A car manufacturer is carrying out safety tests on a new model of car.

During one test run an empty car collides with a wall.

The damage to the car is assessed by measuring how much the length of the front of the car has changed during the collision.



The test is carried out with identical cars at two different speeds, 10 metres per second and 20 metres per second.

(a)	Whie	ch speed causes the biggest change in length of the front of the car?		
			1	
( <i>b</i> )	(i)	The wall exerts a force on the car to make it stop.		
		Is this a balanced or an unbalanced force?		
			1	
	(ii)	Explain your answer.		
			1	
			_	

#### 28. (continued)

Marks

(c) The car manufacturer compares the new car's performance to an older model.

Model	Mass (kilograms)	Time to accelerate from 0 to 60 miles per hour (seconds)
New	850	12.3
Old	850	11.6

	Old	850	11.6		
(i)	Which model	has the larger acce	leration?		
				1	
(ii)	Which car's of to 60 miles		ger force when accelerating from		
				1	
(iii)	How could the acceleration?	ne body of the new	model be changed to improve the		
				1	
			[Turn over		