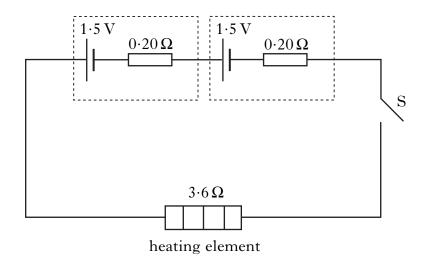
**2008** *Marks* 

**24.** Electrically heated gloves are used by skiers and climbers to provide extra warmth.



(a) Each glove has a heating element of resistance  $3.6 \Omega$ .

Two cells, each of e.m.f.  $1.5 \, \text{V}$  and internal resistance  $0.20 \, \Omega$ , are used to operate the heating element.



Switch S is closed.

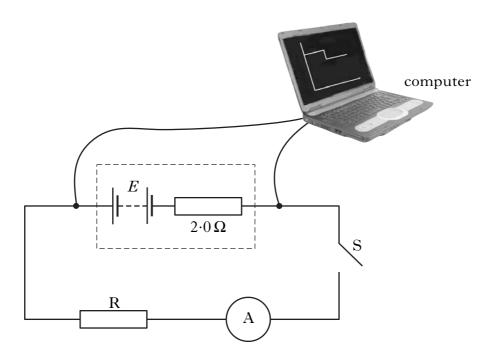
- (i) Determine the value of the total circuit resistance.
- (ii) Calculate the current in the heating element.
- (iii) Calculate the power output of the heating element.
- (b) When in use, the internal resistance of each cell gradually increases.

What effect, if any, does this have on the power output of the heating element?

Justify your answer. 2
(7)

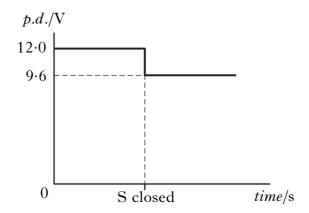
[Turn over

**25.** A power supply of e.m.f. E and internal resistance  $2 \cdot 0 \Omega$  is connected as shown.



The computer connected to the apparatus displays a graph of potential difference against time.

The graph shows the potential difference across the terminals of the power supply for a short time before and after switch S is closed.



- (a) State the e.m.f. of the power supply.
- (b) Calculate:
  - (i) the reading on the ammeter after switch S is closed;
  - (ii) the resistance of resistor R.

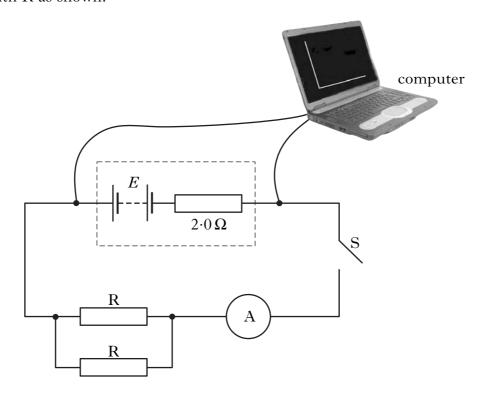
1

2

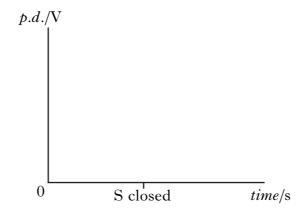
1

## 25. (continued)

(c) Switch S is opened. A second identical resistor is now connected in parallel with R as shown.



The computer is again connected in order to display a graph of potential difference against time.



Copy and complete the new graph of potential difference against time showing the values of potential difference before and after switch S is closed.

2

**(6)** 

[Turn over

[X069/301]