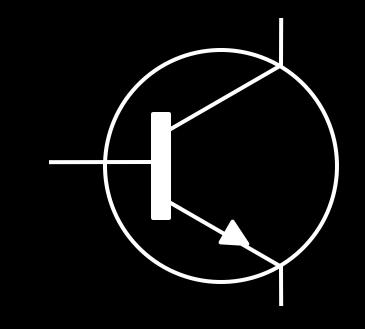
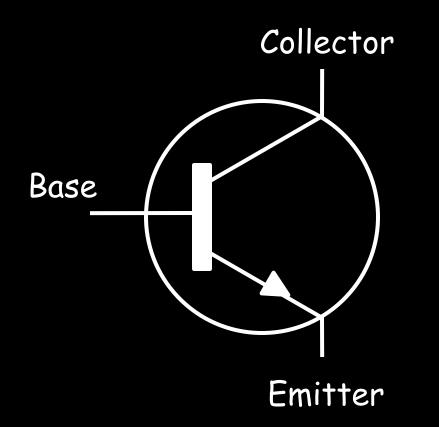
A transistor acts like a switch:

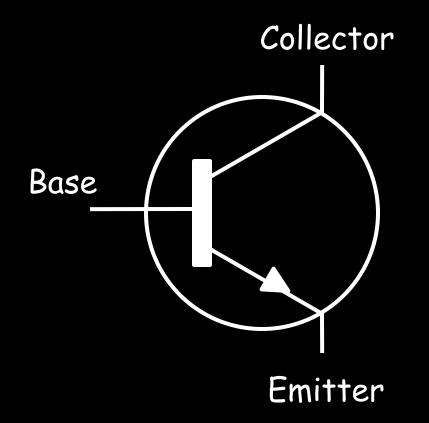
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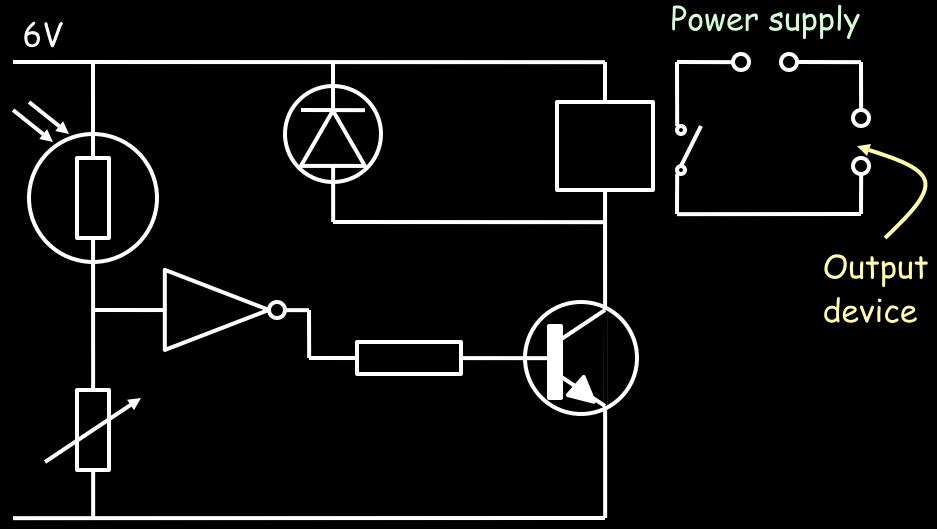
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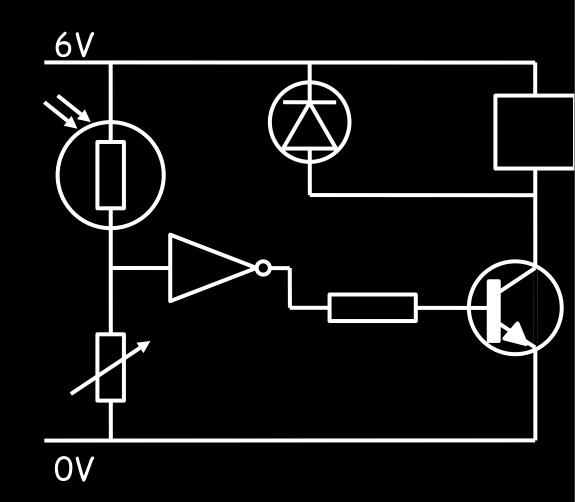
When a SMALL current flows through the baseemitter part of the transistor a different current is switched on through the collectoremitter part.



- 2) This will cause V_{OUT} to _____. The____ gate will recognise this as a "O" and convert it into a "1", i.e. a current will flow into the resistor
- 3) The resistor limits the amount of current flowing into the transistor, to avoid ______ it
- 4) When the transistor detects the current at its _____ it will "switch ___" the collector-emitter current
- 5) A small current will then flow through the _____
- 6) The relay will then switch on a _____ current in the output circuit
- 7) The "reversed biased" diode is also placed in the circuit to act as a "_____" to prevent current flowing back into the transistor Words - base, buffer, on, increases, damaging, when the relay is switched relay, off, larger, voltage, drop, NOT

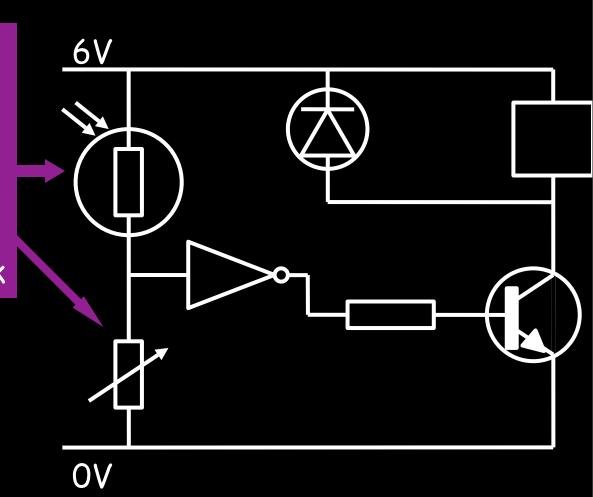
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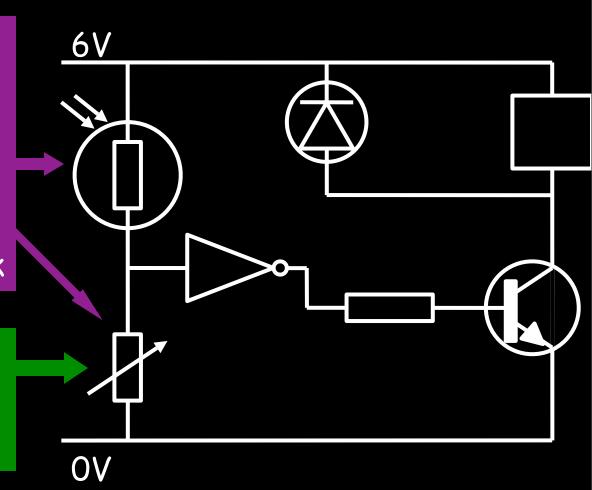
1) Swap these two around and the output will now switch on when it becomes LIGHT, not when it becomes dark



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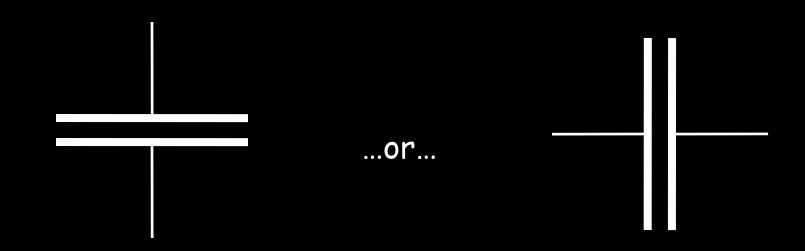
1) Swap these two around and the output will now switch on when it becomes LIGHT, not when it becomes dark

2) Adjust this resistor to vary the sensitivity

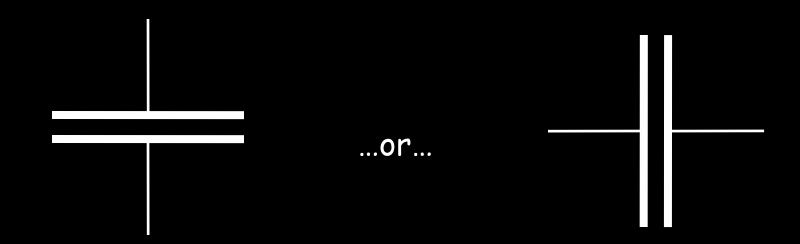


A capacitor is a device that can store charge (it has a "capacity"). It is basically made of two plates:

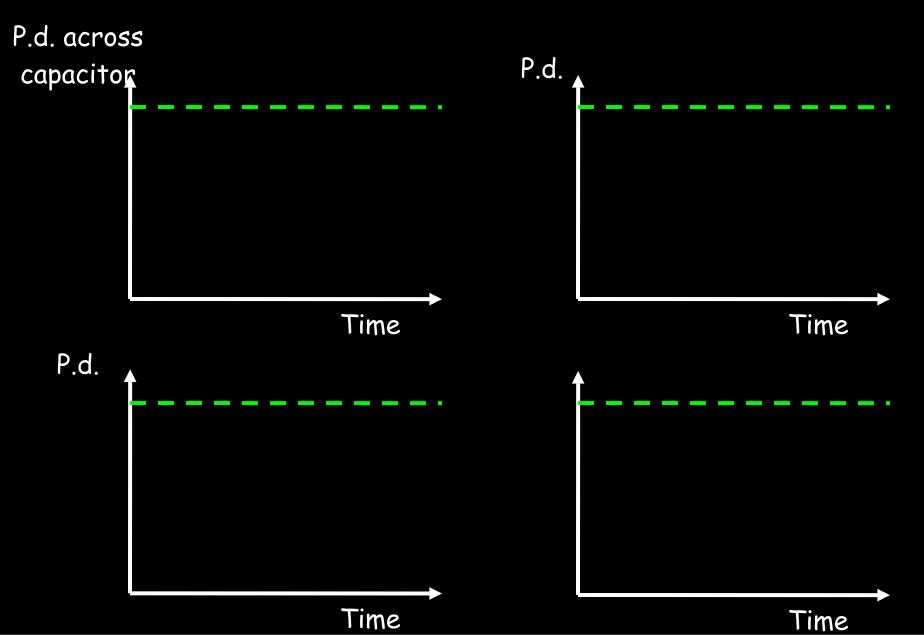
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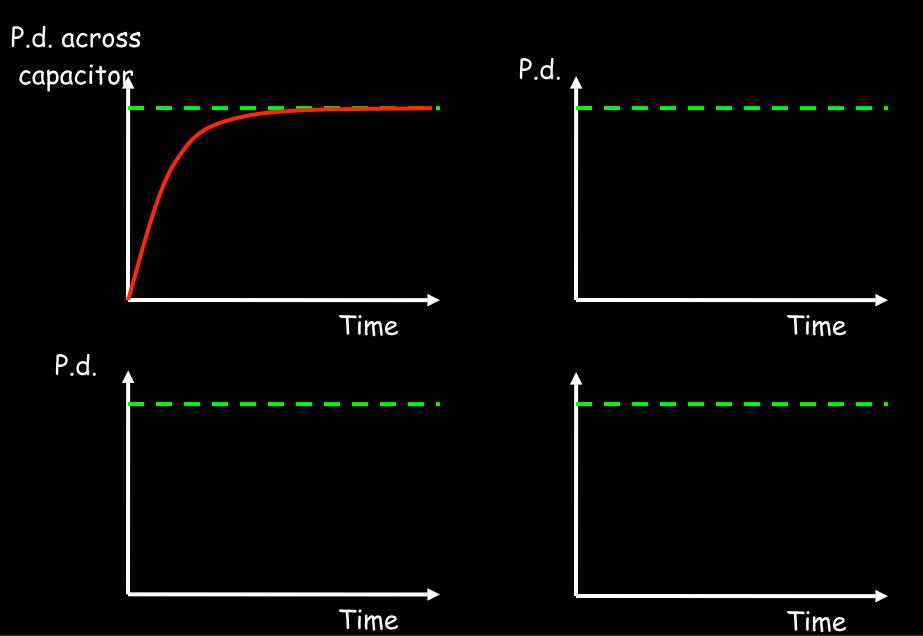


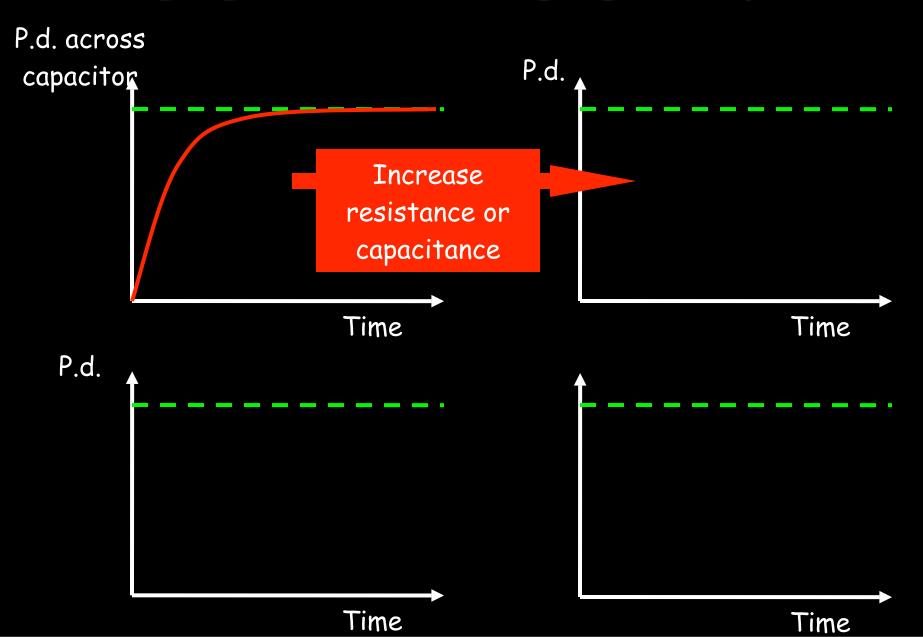
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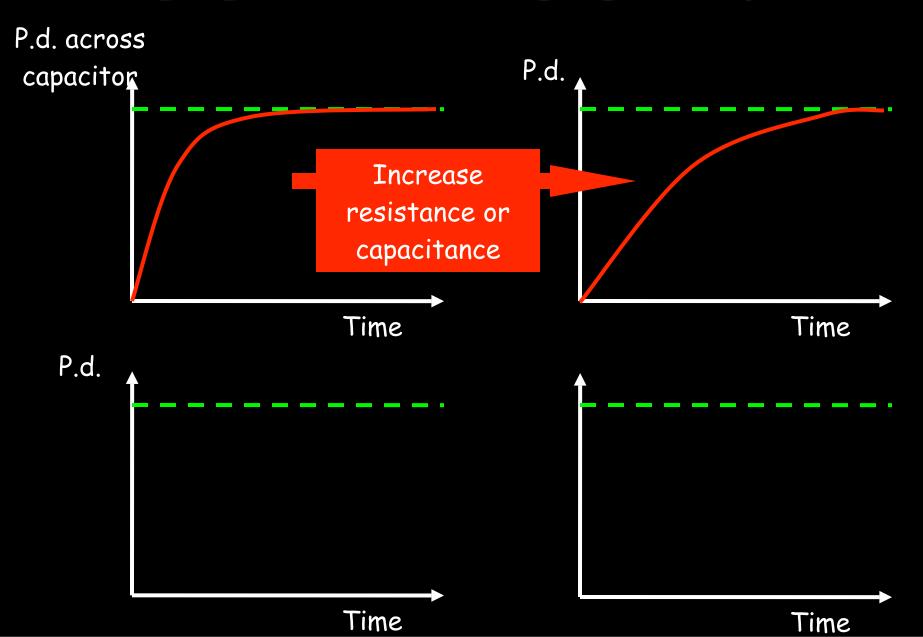


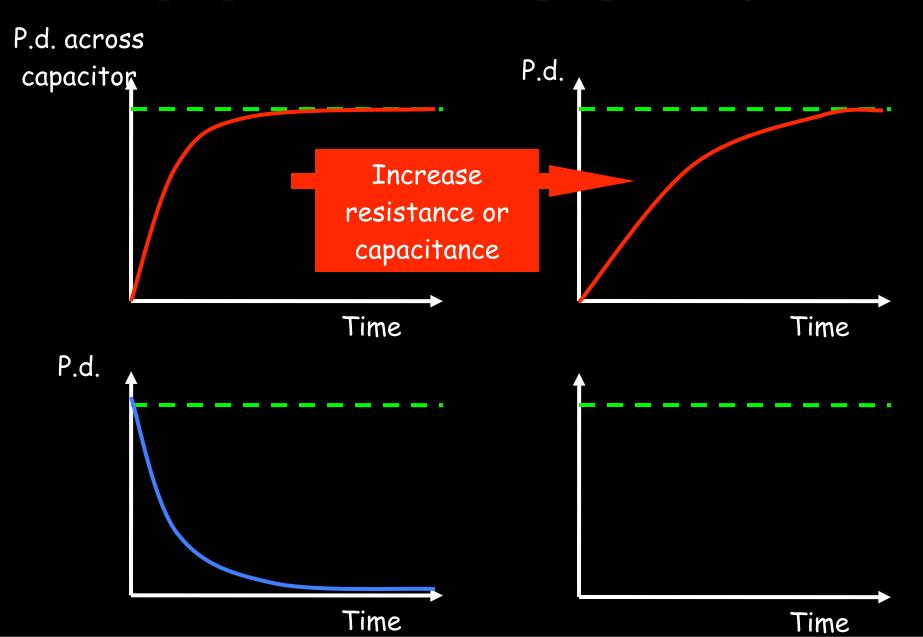
Charge builds up on these plates and the voltage between them increases until it reaches the supply voltage.

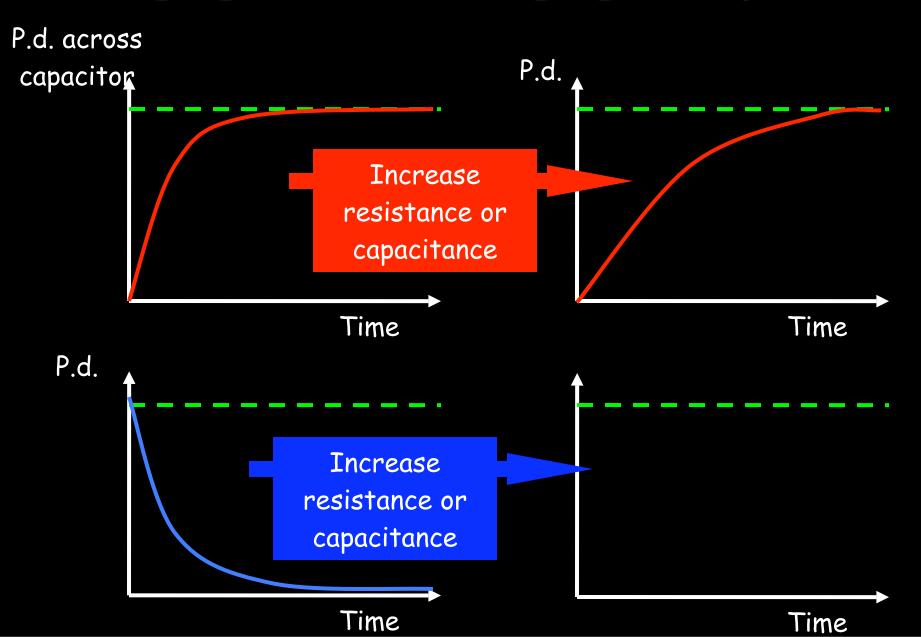


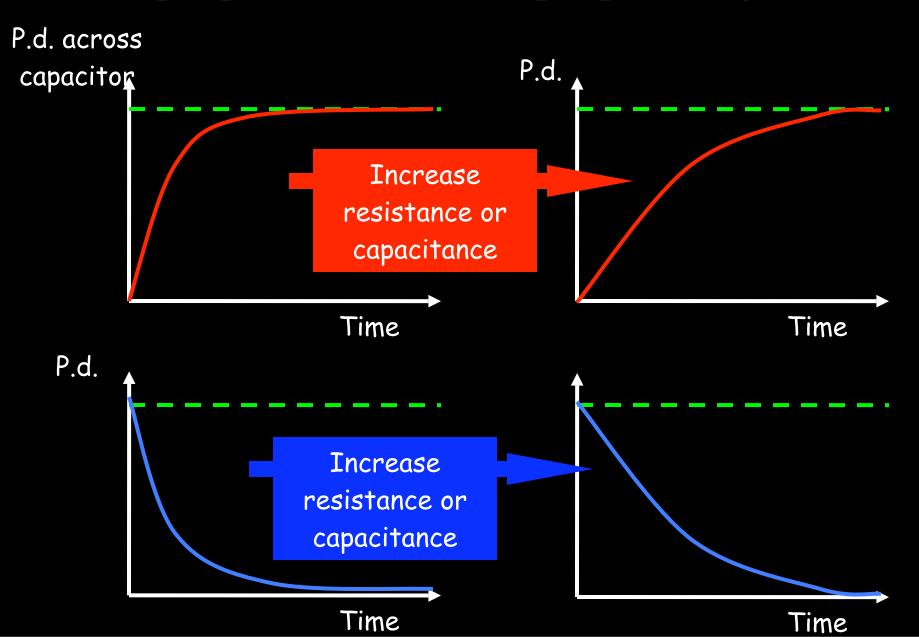


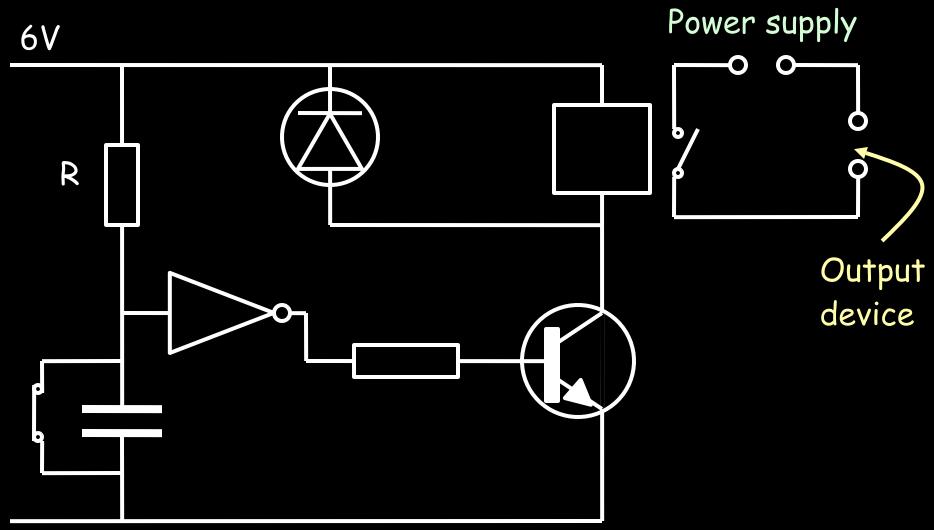


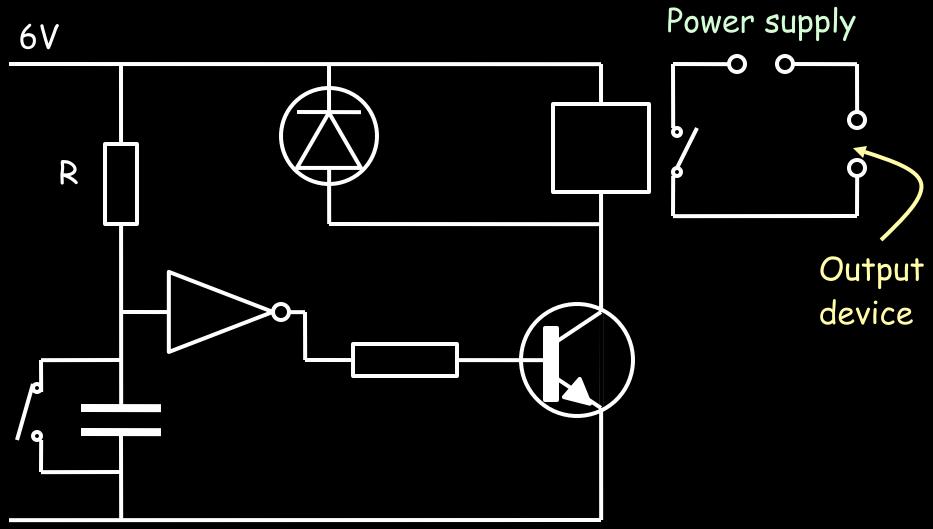


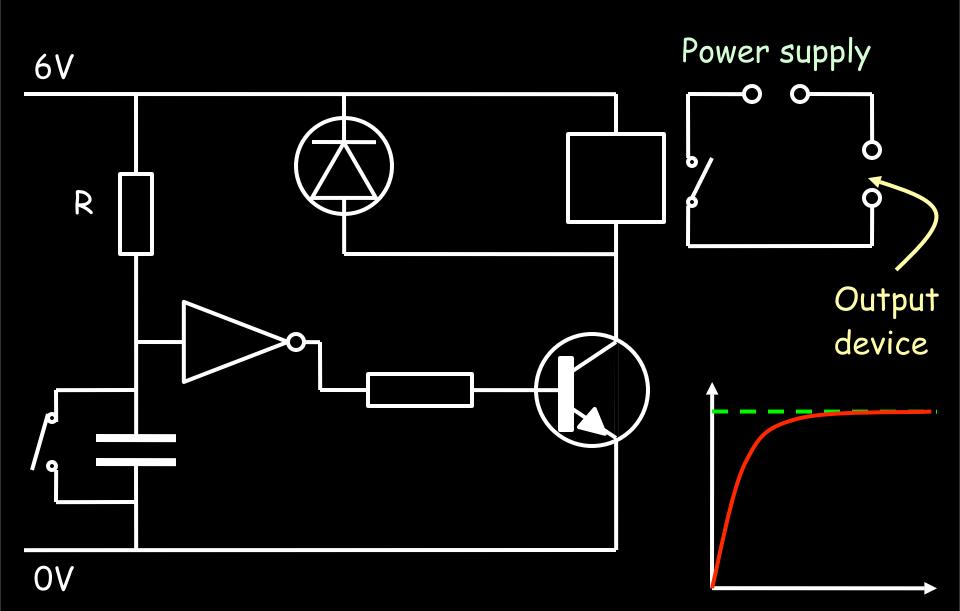


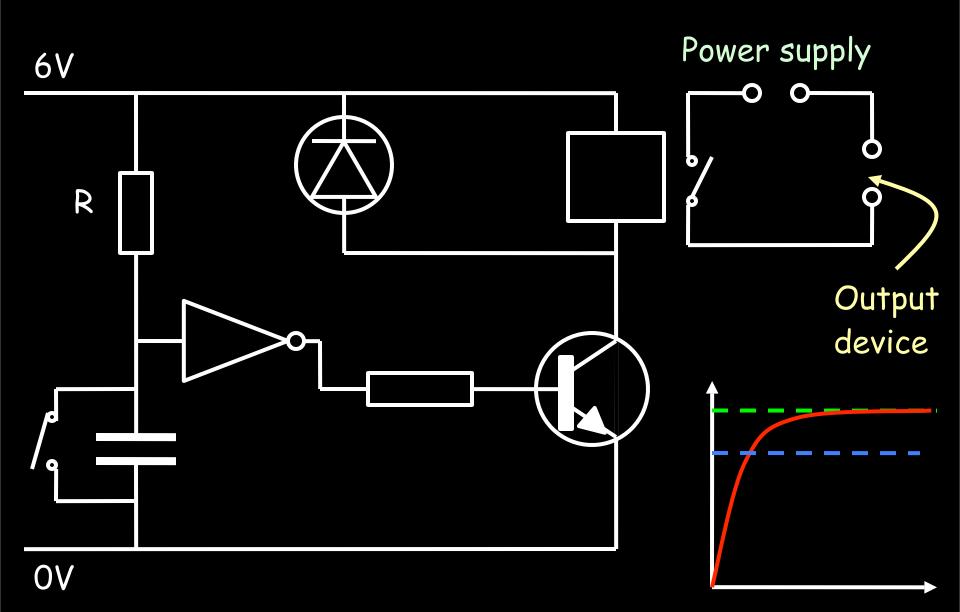


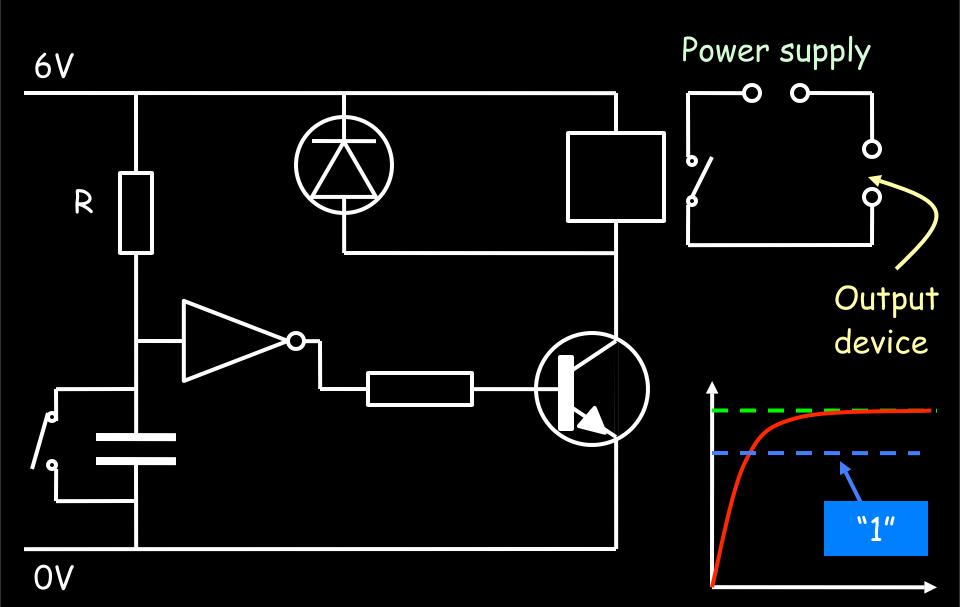












- 1) When the switch is closed the capacitor is being short circuited so no charge builds up on it
- 2) This means that the input to the NOT gate is _____, so the output is
 1 and the output device is _____
- 3) When the switch is released the capacitor starts to _____ up
- 4) When the voltage across the capacitor reaches a certain level the input to the NOT gate becomes _____ so its output is 0
- 5) This means that the output device is now switched _____
- 6) To INCREASE the amount of time taken to switch the device off you could:
 - 1) Increase the _____ of the capacitor

Words - charge, the capiate that the creater, 0, off, on